

The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 42, NO. 80

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1909.

PRICE THREE CENTS

EXTRA! EXTRA SPECIALS!

DeValinger's Cash Stores MIDDLETOWN and TOWNSEND, DEL. THIS WEEK

Cash is a great factor in these hard times. Try dealing for one week at a cash store and you will wonder why you have ever dealt on book for so long. A few prices below will convince you of the great bargains to be had at these two big stores.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY ONLY, Both Stores.

Best Pic-Nic Hams	-	10c lb
Best Granulated Sugar	-	5c lb
Best Ginger Snaps	-	3c lb
Best Canned Tomatoes	-	5c can

SPECIALS ALL WEEK, Both Stores.

Lard	-	10c lb
Best Dry Salt Meat	-	12c lb
Good Drinking Coffee	-	12 1/2c lb
7 Cakes Best Laundry Soap	-	25c

SPECIALS IN DRY GOODS, Townsend Store.

6c, 8c and 10c Val Lace cut to	-	3c yd
Ladies' \$2.00 and \$2.50 Lawn and Per- cal Suits cut to	-	98c
Men's 50c Summer Caps cut to	-	23c
Children's 50c Wash Dresses cut to	-	29c
Men's 50c Leather Belts, tan, green and black cut to	-	19c
Children's 25c Wash Dresses cut to	-	19c
Ladies' \$1.00 Wrappers cut to	-	57c
Ladies' \$2.50 Tan Ties	-	\$1.65
Ladies' \$1.60 Pat. Colt Ties	-	\$1.25
Men's \$3.50 two-piece Suits cut to	-	\$1.98
30c Japanese Matting cut to	-	18c yd

Are you satisfied with your income? Do you want to increase it? Did you ever stop to think how it can be done? Let me tell you. Suppose you only spent for your family's maintenance three dollars per week and dealt at a cash store and made a saving of 20 per cent., that would be 60c per week, and the 52 weeks in a year would mean a saving of \$31.20. Is that worth adding to your income? If you think so start right now and deal at one of our cash stores and let us show you that we can save you 20c on every dollar's worth of goods you buy. Do it now and stop paying the other fellow's bills.

W. T. DEVALINGER,
MIDDLETOWN AND TOWNSEND, DELAWARE.

Run No Risk Our Goods Guaranteed

We solicit a trial from you, with a belief that you will become a customer.

Furniture and Carpets,
Stoves, Crockery, Glass
and Tinware :: :: ::

**99c CARPET
SWEEPER**
Regular Price, \$1.75
This week Only.

"Let Us Feather Your Nest."
**The Ogden-
Howard Co.,**
Fifth and King Sts.
Wilmington, Delaware

SECTIONAL Bookcase



The man who has only a dozen books needs a bookcase, but he doesn't need one that will take up the whole side of his room. The "Y and E" Sectional Bookcase may be adapted to any space and is easy to move—simply detach the sections—a boy can put them up. I am sole agent for this section.

General Furniture.
line of
CARPETS, WINDOW SHADES
UPHOLSTERING IN ALL
ITS BRANCHES.

**Funeral Director and
EMBALMER.**

J. H. EMERSON,
Middletown - Delaware

S. E. MASSEY,
DEALER IN
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE.

Also a Large Stock of
Cut Glass

Howard Watches
Gillette Razors

Repairing and
Silversmithing
a Specialty.

We also handle the
**WATERMAN'S IDEAL
FOUNTAIN PEN.**

S. E. Massey,
Middletown,
Del.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

WASHINGTON LETTER

Washington, D. C. July 17th, 1909.

President Taft has taken a determined stand for free iron ore, free hides, free coal and free petroleum and for the reduction of the duty on lumber to one dollar a thousand feet. He has won the support of the conference on the tariff bill for these reductions and he is now engaged in bringing into line those members of the Senate and the House who, for selfish and local reasons, have opposed tariff revision downward. When the President made clear to the Senate and House conferees his views on these schedules they told him they would readily consent and would report a bill in accordance with his wishes but they feared the conference report containing these reductions would be rejected by the Senate and possibly by the House. The President told them he could take care of those who would reject the conference report because it contained too much downward revision and they expressed a wish that he do so.

It had become known to the members of both houses that the President had taken a stand in favor of these free raw materials and a number of them proposed to go to the White House and enter a protest. When they asked for an interview it was promptly accorded and twenty-two members of the House, led by Representative Young of Michigan, called to protest against what they termed the un-Republican ideas of Mr. Taft. The delegation included Representatives Tamm, Baruch and Bates of Pennsylvania, Young of Michigan, Gaines, Sturgis, Hubbard and Woodard of West Virginia, Southwick of New York, Kinkaid of New Jersey, Keiffer, Johnson and Keeney of Ohio, Cowles, Grant and Thomas of North Carolina, Simpson of Virginia, Hayes of California, Mondell of Wyoming, Austin of Tennessee and Langley and Edwards of Kentucky. They all protested against one or more of the reductions advocated by Mr. Taft. He expressed his views in an uncertain terms. He told them that as their head of the Republican party, and as President, with the whole people for his constituents, he possessed a broader viewpoint than that of a single member of Congress with respect to articles produced in his own district. The President said too that he felt strongly the call of the country for downward revision within the limits of the protective principle and he hoped to be able to respond to that call as he heard it, as well in the interests of the party as of the country. He assured his callers that his influence would be exerted in favor of free petroleum, free iron ore and free hides.

The President's declaration will doubtless give rise to many unwarranted reports regarding a veto of the tariff bill etc. The President does not believe there is the slightest danger that he will be confronted with a situation which will demand a veto. He is convinced that the people are with him in his demand for lower duties and he believes that now he has made it clear that he favors these reductions the voters all over the country will write their Senators and Representatives and urge them to stand by the President. If they will do this there is no doubt to a satisfactory revision of the tariff and of the early adoption of the conference report, followed by the immediate adjournment of Congress.

In entering the fight over the tariff schedules the President feels that he is only doing his duty and that he is in no way detracting from the glory of Congress. He has maintained a "hands off" policy in all regards until the party leaders have come to him and urged him to take a hand, but now that he has put his shoulder to wheel he will not turn back. He will exert all his influence to make good the party pledges confident that in so doing he will earn the gratitude and approval of the whole, almost people regardless of party affiliations.

So many erroneous reports regarding the tariff tax will be adopted by the conference and only the failure of the tariff bill can prevent its adoption by both houses of Congress. There has never been any doubt on this score among well informed persons since that conference which took place at the White House on the evening of June 22, with the Republican members of the Finance committee, the Speaker and Representatives Payne and Dwight present. These men then assured the President that they would accomplish the acceptance of the conference report by their respective houses.

They should be fed four times a day, say at six, ten, two and six o'clock, their feed consisting of bran and meal, about equal parts, with a small amount of some good poultry food occasionally. Above all things they must have sand mixed with their food, to aid in digestion; say about a handful to the quart of food.

Some finely cut grass, lettuce or onion tops, mixed with the feed is a splendid addition.

When quite young they should not be allowed too much water, unless it can be so arranged as not to admit their bodies, since they are weak, if they get entirely immersed, but after they begin to feather they should be allowed enough water to bathe in, or four feet in length, one foot wide. We use wooden troughs about three and four inches deep. If their nostrils get clogged with dirt they will soon pass away.

We live within a stone's throw of a nice stream, but since naughty turkeys abound our ducks are not allowed the run of the creek, except those we intend to keep for breeders, which when about full feathered are then let to the creek, as it makes them stronger and helps to develop muscle. There is money in raising ducks, but they must be put on the market early. Two years ago we marketed over 200, the first 15 we put on the market in June; they were between nine and ten weeks old and averaged three and three-fourths pounds at 15 cents. The next 25 weighed 3 1/2 pounds at 18 1/2 cents. By the time our next were ready the market was a little off, so our profits were not so much. They are a better paying proposition than the chickens since they are easier raised, and live and other troubles are not so numerous. I neglected to say after the duck is four or five weeks old we begin feeding crumbled corn, slightly moistened.—Mrs. Clara Shanks, in the Indiana Farmer.

FARM NEWS AND VIEWS

Breeding for size is not to be recommended, as it is not profitable, and, besides, feeding more than most breeds require.

For plant lice on cucumber and melon vines nothing is better than tobacco water, made from refuse tobacco stems. It is both fertilizer and insecticide.

Every breeder of poultry who has not already got pure-bred stock should make a start in the right direction.

Cows will live out in the fields both night and day, but a good stable with a liberal feed in the manger every cold night and every stormy day will be appreciated.

If you are working for eggs be careful to select the most vigorous birds for winter layers. Market all the rest as broilers. Weaklings are no account as egg producers.

A rule with a good many dairymen, especially those living near large cities, where milk is especially profitable, is to pay no attention to the best value of a cow. Their idea is that dairy cows are not intended to produce beef, they can get enough milk from a good dairy cow so that the value of the carcass is no consideration to them whatever.

The cost of food required to produce a pound of beef, pork or chicken does not differ greatly, although chicken sells for twelve or twenty cents a pound by the carcass, while other meats sell at from four to eight cents. This difference is further increased on the farm from the fact that poultry picks up a good deal of material that would otherwise go to waste, as well as numerous insects that should be destroyed so that much of their food should not really be figured as expense at all.

But there is a greater risk of loss in raising chickens and the cost of labor per pound of finished product is more than with sheep or hogs. Then you must credit eggs produced, which complicates the problem until you get a headache. The net return, according to capital invested and cost of maintenance, however, leaves a greater profit from poultry than any other livestock. If a farmer would keep close account of the income from his poultry, including the amount of eggs and butter consumed at home, he would be surprised at the returns.

One good, comfortable farm home in the neighborhood is sure to lead to others. The example is a good one. The improvement of the farm home cannot help but have a good effect upon a neighborhood. We believe it is a stimulus in emulation on the part of the neighbors so that they will live with each other in the beautifying of their home. Friendly rivalry of this kind gives a rural district a desirable reputation. Why not you, dear reader, commence this work of making your home beautiful, laying it out more artistically, planting it tastefully, and it will surprise you how many imitators you will have. We all try to be as good as our neighbors, and generally some one will be the starter. Why should not you be the leader in this work of beautifying homes on the farm?

It costs very little to lay out a lawn, plant trees and shrubs and have a few flowers and climbing vines by the house, and the effect is very pleasing. The enjoyment we get as we go along is worth more than the money we make. A pleasant setting for a farm house adds more comfort and solid enjoyment than the same amount of money laid out in hand-to-hand furniture or a stylish rig to drive.

As I am a great lover of the Imperial duck with its beautiful snow-like feathers, black eyes, and orange colored bill, I will give a few words in their favor. I would not think of living on a farm without a few of them at least.

First I believe in having pure bred stock. I prefer the young duck and the older drake, as the young ducks begin laying earlier in February and produce a greater number of eggs. One year we had ten that averaged twenty eggs in September, after a heavy laying time in the spring. By securing them in a pen at night, for a few times, they will learn to go there alone, and since they lay about a dozen eggs you are sure of the eggs.

I use twelve eggs for a setting and often have a 100 per cent. hatch, and there is no prettier sight in the poultry business to me than a nice gang of Pekin ducklings.

They should be fed four times a day, say at six, ten, two and six o'clock, their feed consisting of bran and meal, about equal parts, with a small amount of some good poultry food occasionally. Above all things they must have sand mixed with their food, to aid in digestion; say about a handful to the quart of food.

HOUSEHOLD LETTER

Sandwiches are the chief reliance for any sort of cold lunches, hence are especially in demand at this season of the year. They should be carefully made of the best ingredients, and if they must be kept some time for travelling or other purposes, each sandwich should be wrapped in parchment paper.

White, cream or brown bread, or small fine grained rolls, such as the Farmer House rolls, are best for this use. Whole wheat and rye bread are also excellent. The bread should be at least one day old and of fine grain. A five cent loaf cuts to good advantage. The loaf should have the crust cut off and be trimmed to good shape before the slices are cut. The butter should be spread on the loaf, and the bread then cut into even slices about one eighth of an inch thick. The second slices, used for the upper covering, do not usually need spreading, but must be cut off and fitted over the first slice, so as to avoid mismatching rough edges. Next cut the slices into the desired shapes. One cut across the loaf will make two squares, a second cut diagonally will make two squares, a second cut diagonally will make four triangular sandwiches. For jelly and extra dainty sandwiches the bread is cut very thin and rolled into long oblongs, which are often tied with ribbons, individually or in packages.

The butter for sandwiches should be the best and soft enough to spread easily. Sometimes the butter is worked into the meat paste. What are called "sandwich butters" are frequently used. They are made by rubbing the butter to a cream, combined with anchovy paste, mustard, pate de foie gras, terragon, chopped parsley, etc.

Poultry, Game, Ham.
Poultry, game, ham or any other meat can be pounded to a paste, and mixed with butter seasonings and French or Mayonnaise dressing. Chicken made into a paste, mixed with the mashed yolks of hard boiled eggs with milk or cream, a little butter and seasoned with salt and pepper and a few drops of onion juice, makes a delicious sandwich.

Fish Sandwiches.
Anchovies, sardines or any fresh boiled fish pounded to a paste with a white, or other sauce, or with Mayonnaise, with a little chopped pickle added, or shad roe seasoned in the same way make excellent sandwiches.

Egg Sandwiches.
Hard boiled eggs cut into slices, sprinkled with salt and pepper and spread on buttered bread with chopped parsley or sliced eggs between lettuce leaves with Mayonnaise; or hard boiled eggs chopped fine with white sauce placed between layers of buttered bread are all good.

Spanish Sandwiches.
Spread buttered graham bread with mustard, then with a layer of cottage cheese, then with chopped olives spread with Mayonnaise.

Raw Beef Sandwiches.
Scrape the raw beef, spread it between thin slices of plain bread, sprinkle with salt and pepper. Place sandwiches on a toaster and put over coals until heated, serve hot.

Brown Bread Sandwiches.
Flake one cupful of cold boiled salmon, and mix it to a paste with one tablespoonful of Mayonnaise dressing, adding a more than ordinary portion of salt and Cayenne pepper if you like a rather sharp seasoning. Cut Boston brown bread in thin slices and spread with the fish, adding slices of cucumber that have been allowed to soak for a short time in food water salted and made acid with vinegar.

Press a second thin slice of bread over the first and cut in pointed sections like a pie. Garnish the dish with sprigs of parsley.

Select nice tender, crisp lettuce, wash and dry well, and make up just before serving. Butter bread on the loaf, slice thin and insert lettuce between the two pieces, adding a little Mayonnaise dressing, cream cheese, nuts or other salad material for flavor as desired. The plain lettuce is sufficient, however, and it should be torn not cut to fit the sandwich.

ELANOR FRANCH.
A TRUST SONG
BY HENRY E. KEMP

Though I cannot catch sight of the silver
Behind the clouds above,
I have faith to believe that the sun is
Shining
Somewhere—and God is love!

Serenity in the trust that God knows better
What's for the best than I.
I count the blessings that make me debtor
To him, as the days go by.

I wonder, oft, what my Father's plan is.
Sometimes I question his will and way;
But since he is God, and knows what
man is,
I can trust him, come what may.

So I will trust to the Wisdom guiding
All things in this lower land,
In confident faith to the last abiding,
Though I may not understand.

I like to think that out of the sorrows
That all of earth's dwellers know,
To bloom in beauty in God's to-morrow
Rare flowers of good will grow.

And I ask, each day, for a trust that
strengthens
When the sun is out of sight,
For a faith that grows, as the journey
lengthens,
In the love that sets things right.

USEFUL THINGS TO KNOW

A salt bath will be found to quiet nervousness, if taken just before retiring. Two quarts of cold water each day, drunk at intervals, is a good remedy for kidney trouble.

A cup of hot water a half-hour before breakfast every morning will cure dyspepsia and indigestion.

A flannel dipped into boiling water and sprinkled with turpentine and laid on the chest, will relieve cold and hoarseness.

By mixing two teaspoonfuls of glycerine with one tablespoonful of lime-water and one teaspoonful of pepsin you have an excellent gargle for a sore throat.

A bag made of soft outing flannel, with a ruffle at bottom and a draw string at top, to fit over the broom, will be found excellent for dusting walls and ceilings.

Old magazines heated in the oven make a good substitute for a hot water bottle. They hold the heat nearly as long, and can be used under the back, where a hot water bottle would not lie well.

Hair brushes and clothes brushes are almost instantly cleaned by dipping the bristles up and down in gasoline; as they are not softened or yellowed, as they so frequently are when washed in water. Stand on end in the fresh air to dry.

A half-cupful of milk added to a dish-pan full of hot water will be found very beneficial in washing dishes. It gives the dishes a clean, polished look, softens the hardest water, preserves the hands from chapping, and also prevents a greasy seam from appearing on the top of the water.

The theory now is that blankets must be washed instead of dry-cleaned to be healthful. To have them soft and warm, make a spongy soda in a half tub of warm water by using one-half cup of washing powder, and soak a blanket in it for half an hour, then simply move it around and rub soiled spots; rinse in warm water of the same temperature and hang up in a warm place or sunbathing outdoor air.

When making eggs tea one must make an infusion of the eggs—say about a quarter of an ounce of eggs to four ounces of boiling water. Let stand several hours and then strain. Add two ounces of alcohol.

To seal bottles, after putting the cork in the bottle take brown sealing wax and melt it in an old tin dish on the stove and then take an old knife and spread it all over the top of the bottle.

Perhaps not every cook realizes that when only the yolks of eggs are needed for use one day the whites may be kept in a cool place for a day or two. Separate the eggs or eggs, putting the white in a soup plate. It will whip up for a meringue the next day or even on the following quite as light as if used at once—at least this is true of fresh laid eggs, and no other ever whips very well. Owing to its different nature the yolks spoil much more quickly, yet that, too, can be kept over a day after the white is drained off. Pour a little water gently over the unbroken yolks to prevent drying and the forming of a crust.

When beating eggs to use for dipping croquettes, a teaspoonful of water added to each egg will avoid any stringiness.

When using corn starch or arrow root for thickening, always wet it well with cold milk or water before stirring it into the hot liquid.

A little vaseline may be rubbed over kid shoes at night, and rubbed off with a soft cloth in the morning. Thus a good polish may be obtained, and the kid will be preserved by the vaseline. When the shoes are shabby, vaseline will still be a good dressing for them, if a little lamp black be mixed with it.

To clean worn down, lift it up and down in warm soda made with white soap. Wash a second time in bluish water, rinse and shake dry before an open fire in the sunshine. It must not be permitted to dry without shaking it all the time, for this makes it light and fluffy. Oftentimes it can be cleaned with gasoline.

A mustard plaster made with the white of an egg will not leave a blister.

A raw egg taken immediately will carry down a fish-bone that cannot be got up from the throat.

The white skin that lines the shell of an egg is a useful application for a boil.

White of egg beaten with loaf sugar and lemon relieves hoarseness—a teaspoonful taken once every hour.

An egg added to the morning cup of coffee makes a good tonic.

To mark bottles or boxes of poison and prevent accidents, buy a dozen (or as many as needed) tiny bells, and every time a bottle or package of poison comes into the house fasten a bell securely to it. Even in the dark the bell will sound its warning. The bells can be bought in a fancy work or toy store.

When pressing dark linen frocks it is just as well to cover the board for the time being with a piece of dark material, and thus avoid pressing white lint into the material.

Do not rub fabrics roughly between the hands when cleaning them. It is sufficient to rub the cleaning fluid on gently with a fresh cloth.

If the spoon with which the cereal is served is first plunged into the cream the cereal slips from it easily without sticking.

To remove grease from garments dissolve a tablespoonful of salt in four tablespoonfuls of alcohol, shake well and apply with a sponge.

Old perspiration stains may be removed by applying oxalic acid and water in solution one part of the former to twenty parts of the latter.

Pennsylvania Railroad

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS
TO
NIAGARA FALLS
July 21, August 4, 18, September 8 and 22, 1909

ROUND-TRIP
RATE **\$10.25 FROM MIDDLETOWN**

Tickets good going on regular trains day before excursion to Philadelphia, and SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars and Day Coaches leaving Philadelphia at 8.10 A. M. on above dates, running via the

PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE
Tickets good returning on regular trains within SIXTEEN DAYS, including date of excursion. Stop off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning. Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents.

J. E. WOOD,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD,
General Passenger Agent.

W. C. JONES

Meat Market!

Highest Cash Prices
paid for all

Country Produce

HOME and CITY

Dressed BEEF
of the first quality

W. C. JONES,

BROAD AND ANDERSON STREETS
Middletown, Delaware

ANNOUNCEMENT!

As my NEW BAKER is just completed, I am now ready to supply the public with

**Fresh Bread, Cakes
and Pies Daily,**

And an confident I can give you satisfaction. Quality and cleanliness will be strictly adhered to. If you have any fault to find, please come to me with them, and I will try to correct them.

You are cordially invited to inspect my Bakery, and your patronage is earnestly solicited. Special Orders will receive Prompt Attention.

EDMOND BLOME,

North Broad Street,
Middletown, Delaware

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING
—BY—
MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE

T. S. FOURACRE.

LONG DISTANCE PHONE NO. 37.

Entered at the Post Office as second-class matter
MIDDLETOWN, DEL., JULY 24, 1909

Young Harry K. Thaw, who murdered Stanford White a few years ago, and who escaped the electric chair on the ground of insanity, is now trying to convince a court that he is sane. It is to be hoped that the court will compel him to remain sane and keep him locked up. Only in this way can the court partially relieve the feeling of disgust which his farcical trial for the murder engendered.

It is charged against American people that while they are models of neatness and order in their own homes, they are careless about the appearance of their streets and other public places. This charge is too sweeping, yet it has much truth in it. Waste paper, uncut grass and weeds lessen the attractiveness of any town. The real remedy is for citizens to take the same pride in the appearance of their city or village as they take in that of their own homes. In fact the town should be considered as the common home of its inhabitants and all should have a common interest in it.

IN AFRICA

"Strange, indeed, are some of the reports sent to us from Africa by the alert correspondents who have been trailing the party of Former President Roosevelt. One day he has hung up his rifle and taken up his pen, and the next day he is in a furious combat with hippopotamus maulers, but he puts them to rout with as little trouble as he stirred the bulls and bears in Wall Street. How the game of Wall Street will tremble when the conqueror of the African wild animals returns.

"We had assumed that the former President was facing danger and possible disaster as a means of recreation. We thought he was weary of the trials and vexations of official life, that for a short time he was to be as a boy out of school heedless and careless of what was happening in every day affairs. But Mr. Harriman cannot throw off the thrills of business, even when ordered to do so by his physician, so the ex-President, it seems, cannot give up thoughts for the moment of home folks. For amid the roar of the man-eating lions sounding in his ears, the ex-President abandoned his rifle, took up his pen or his typewriter and began to roar with the alphabet. He dropped the exciting African sport for a moment and engaged in magazine writing, in putting his thoughts on paper for the edification of Americans who are in America. We must believe, then, that the ex-President has found his true occupation—that of a writer and journalist—because strong must be that instinct which forces a man under such circumstances to drop rifle for pen. Perhaps the ex-President may have thought that the best way to knock out the lions would be to hurl a red hot Outlook editorial at them.

"It does not seem, however, that the ex-President is in Africa merely for recreation. If he were he could not be bothered by thoughts of magazines or editorial diatribes. He is combining business with pleasure and the business instinct, according to the correspondent who is supposed to be near, got the better of Colonel Roosevelt. But the lure of the pen did not last long. The hippopotamus proved a greater magnet than the lion."—Evening Journal.

When people zealous for the common good seek to do away with moral and business evils they are bound to endure the hostility of those who flourish in these evils. They cry out that business interests will suffer if the reform aimed at is realized and many business men, accepting that statement without investigation, also condemn reform, believing that it is better to let such evils exist rather than disturb business. True the interests that fatten on these evils would suffer and, temporarily, while readjustment is taking place, some other interests might also suffer for a time. But it is not true that business as a whole or that a community suffers by the overthrow or lessening of evil. Rather do they gain steadily, for in the long run evil of any description checks the true prosperity of any community, and of every legitimate business.

John D. Rockefeller has increased his donations to the General Education Board by an additional gift of \$10,000,000, and also released the board from the obligation to hold in perpetuity the funds contributed by him. The gift, announced by Frederick T. Gates, the chairman of the board, brings Mr. Rockefeller's donations to the general education board to \$52,000,000. It was contributed, according to the statement made by Chairman Gates, because the income of the present fund available to appropriate has been exhausted and a large income to meet educational needs of great importance had become necessary.

BLACK SEA STURGEONS

A movement is being made by Horace G. Knowles, recently minister to Roumania, to transplant these fish to these waters. A few years ago these streams used to abound with these fish but with the usual wastefulness of our people we have destroyed one of our greatest industries. The ruthless slaughter of Delaware sturgeon, as well as in other streams in our county was nothing short of a crime. In 1888 the catch of sturgeon in the Delaware was more than 6,000,000 pounds and a few years later it was only 3,000,000 pounds. Now it is practically nothing compared with former years.

When a vast multitude of men used to make good living wages in catching these fish, it is said criminal waste, lack of legal protection and greed of the fishermen put the sturgeon out of business. When the fisheries were at their best the flesh of sturgeons was so cheap that it was seldom used as food. Because it was so cheap the people would not eat it, believing in the idea, what is cheap is not good. Sturgeon is not only nutritious but palatable and is one of the best tasted of the large fish that are caught. But there was such a demand for the roe, which is the highest quality of caviar, that the fishermen were ruthless in their hunt for them. Sometimes they yield one-third of their weight in roe and it is now selling from \$7 to \$10 per pound. At one time it was only selling for ten cents per pound. The growth of the demand for caviar by our people was the death warrant to the American sturgeon. So valuable was this caviar, that the fishermen were continually on the hunt for them and hence the breaking up of this fish and food supply.

PENNSY PAYS OUT MUCH MONEY

Figures just compiled covering the operations of the various portions of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, east and west of Pittsburgh, show that in 1908 these lines paid out in wages the sum of \$125,543,947. This represented a wage reduction of \$29,471,981, compared with \$155,015,928 expended in 1907. In that year the companies employed 199,000 men, while in 1908 the number was 175,000. The rate of wages established for 1907, which represented an increase of 10 per cent. over the rate paid during the greater part of 1906, was maintained for all classes of employees in 1908. By reason of the lack of business there were some reductions in hours in 1908, which affected the gross sums earned by certain classes of employees, but no changes were made in rates of pay. In 1907 the company paid for labor a sum equivalent to 46 per cent. of its total earnings, and in 1908 wages absorbed a sum equal to 46 per cent. of the total.

POTATO-BUSINESS GROWING

The potato business has assumed such big proportions in Delaware that the State Board of Agriculture has decided upon a campaign for a wet year. Do you say by with hilling or level culture? Was the land low and black or high and sandy? What crop did the potato follow? Number of bushels dug per acre? Price per bushel of potatoes sold?

SENATOR RICHARDSON EXPLAINS

Evidently in reply to an editorial in THE EVENING JOURNAL urging him to return to Washington, it is possible, to stand by President Taft in the crisis over the tariff bill, United States Senator Harry A. Richardson, of Dover, today sent the following telegram from his summer home at Frontenac, Thousand Islands.

"Frontenac, N. Y., July 22, '09.
"Editor EVENING JOURNAL, Wilmington, Del.:
"Physical conditions render it impossible for me to be present in Washington at this time. If this explanation is not satisfactory my resignation is at the disposal of my friends upon instant notification. Kindly publish."
"H. A. RICHARDSON."
Senator Richardson has been at Frontenac for several weeks, and has been paired with Senator Clark, Democrat, of Arkansas, on all questions pertaining to the tariff.

NEW EGGS AT HOUSE

Cambridge, Md., Oppose Pastor's Advocacy of Bine Laws
—By—
Middletown, Md., July 21st.—After an attempt to lure the Rev. T. Courney from home, the parsonage of the Second Methodist Church was bombarded about 10 o'clock Monday night with several broadsides of eggs. At daylight the house was a sight, and it took a coat of paint to obliterate the marks of the damage. The outbreak is due to Mr. Courney's prominence in the movement to have the bine laws enforced.

Mr. Courney received a telephone message about 9 o'clock asking him to come over to East Cambridge to officiate at a wedding. He had heard rumors of probable attempts at assault and remained at home, which perhaps saved him from getting the bombardment himself, or even worse treatment. The bridge over Cambridge Creek to East Cambridge is poorly lighted, and offers an opportunity for an attack.

About an hour after the telephone message, when the family was about to retire, the unknown visitors and the eggs appeared. The agitation for the enforcement of a bine law has been going on for some days, and Sunday the lid was down tight. Cigar and soda counters were closed, and the drug stores would sell nothing except on prescription. Hotels and restaurants had been notified in advance.

Mr. Courney, with other ministers, had been a leader in the closing movement, and Sunday morning delivered a sermon on the subject, when he gave considerable emphasis to his views.

In the course of his sermon last Sunday he referred to the Sunday laws and stated that the officers of the law were not doing their duty, in that they were not enforcing the law. He stated that laws were made to be kept, that laws were intended to be enforced, else they should not be upon the books.

This egg bombardment was not due to his letter to Governor Crothers, nor directly to his sermon. It was due to the fact that a certain element of the town resented the enforcement of the Sunday laws and attributed the cause to Mr. Courney. For this reason he was marked for the attack. The eggs were thrown by three young men, it is reported. The egg artists were stationed in the rear of the First Baptist Church, directly across the street from the Methodist parsonage, occupied by Mr. Courney and family. At the time of the bombardment Mr. Courney and State's Attorney Andrews were standing on the sidewalk about 50 yards from the parsonage. State's Attorney Andrews drew his coat and started to hug the assailants. He saw them and ran in pursuit, but became entangled in a wire fence. When he had become untangled from the fence the egg-throwers had disappeared.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

St. Georges Hundred!

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1909 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

MARSHY'S HOTEL, IN ODESSA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 21st, 1909 From 1 to 4 P. M.

AT HENRY CLAY'S STORE, IN PORT FENW, WEDNESDAY, JULY 28th, 1909 From 1 P. M. to 4 P. M.

and at my residence, North Broad street-Middletown, Del., every Saturday, after, noon from 1 P. M. to 4 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January five per centum thereof shall be added thereto.

JOHN W. DENNY, Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Blackbird Hundred!

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1909 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT BLACKBIRD, WATSON'S STORE JULY 24th, 1909 From 1 to 3 P. M.

AT FLEMING'S LANDING, JULY 30th, 1909 From 1 to 3 P. M.

AT DELANEY'S, (DAVIS' STORE) JULY 30th, 1909 From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

JOHN BEITH, Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

Pencader Hundred!

The taxable residents of Pencader Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1909 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

CLAYSON, July 20th, Aug. 25th, Sept. 25th, Oct. 27th, Nov. 24th, Dec. 28th, 1 to 4 P. M.

SUMMIT BRIDGE, July 30th, Aug. 26th, Sept. 27th, Oct. 28th, Nov. 26th, Dec. 29th, 1 to 12 A. M.

KIRKWOOD, July 30th, Aug. 26th, Sept. 27th, Oct. 28th, Nov. 26th, Dec. 29th, 2 to 4 P. M.

DAYTON'S MILL, July 31st, Aug. 27th, Sept. 28th, Oct. 27th, Nov. 27th, Dec. 30th, 10 to 12 A. M.

RYAN'S STORE, July 31st, Aug. 27th, Sept. 28th, Oct. 29th, Nov. 27th, Dec. 30th, 10 to 12 A. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3.—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January five per centum thereof shall be added thereto.

JOHN T. WRIGHT, Collector of Taxes for Pencader Hundred.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED!

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1909 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT THE OFFICE OF GEORGE M. D. HART, IN TOWNSEND, DEL., EVERY SATURDAY, DURING JULY, AUG. and SEPT. 1909. From 1 to 4 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

WILLIAM C. MONEY, Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

Any one sending a sketch and description may receive a free opinion as to the patentability of an invention. No charge for examination. Send your sketch and description to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

REGISTER'S ORDER

REGISTER OF WILLIS OFFICE, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DEL., Jan. 12, 1909. The application of Henry A. Pool, Administrator of the Estate of John A. Pool, deceased, is ordered and directed by the Register of Wills that the Administrator file a true and correct copy of the inventory of the estate of the deceased, with the date of filing thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such letters in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having claims against the estate to present the same, or abide by an act of Assembly in such case made and provided, and also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, Del., and to be continued therein ten days.

"Given under the hand and seal of said Register, at Middletown, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written."

FRANCIS M. WALKER, Register of Wills.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration were in due form of law granted unto the undersigned on the Thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1909, and that all persons having claims against the estate of the deceased must present the same, duly attested to the said Administrator, on or before the Thirtieth day of January 1910, or abide the act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

HOWARD A. POOL, Administrator.

Address: Howard A. Pool, McDonough, Delaware.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD SPECIAL EXCURSIONS

OCEAN CITY, MD. REHOBOTH, DEL.

Thursdays, August 5 and 19, 1909
ROUND-TRIP RATE, \$1.25 FROM MIDDLETOWN
SPECIAL TRAIN
Will leave 7.15 A. M. RETURNING leave Ocean City 4.40 P. M.

TICKETS GOOD ONLY ON SPECIAL TRAIN IN EACH DIRECTION
J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

Pennsylvania Railroad

Round \$2.00 Trip TO

Atlantic City

August 10th and 24th, 1909
SPECIAL TRAIN
Leaves Middletown 6.44 A. M. RETURNING Leaves Atlantic City, Georgia Avenue, 5.45 P. M.

TICKETS GOOD ONLY ON SPECIAL TRAIN IN EACH DIRECTION
For Rates of Fare and Time of Train at Other Stations, Consult Handbills or Ticket Agents.
J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

M. BANNING, DEALER IN Fancy Groceries, Meats, Notions, &c.

Canning and preserving season is now here and you know you should have new jars for new fruit, so come see our line of patent top-Royal jars in two styles, round and square. They are strictly sanitary as nothing but the glass touches the contents. We also have all sizes of Mason jars; jelly glasses; sealing and paraffin wax; jar tops and rubbers. Pay special attention to our fruit and vegetable line. Be sure to see our stock on Saturdays. Phone No. 80.

M. BANNING, East Main St. Middletown, Del.

SECURITY TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT CO., S. W. Cor. 6th & Market Sts. Wilmington, Del.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS: \$1,200,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Persons living at a distance who wish to avail themselves of our unexcelled banking facilities and obtain interest on their deposits, can do so by purchasing at the nearest post office, money orders payable to our order for the amounts to be deposited, and forwarding these orders to us by mail; or they may send us checks or drafts payable to our order. All such remittances will be promptly acknowledged.

OFFICERS: Benjamin Neilsen, President. James S. Clarkson, Vice-Pres. John S. Russell, Sec. & Trust Officer. L. Scott Townsend, Treasurer.

FOR SALE! 112 Acre FARM!

Situated in Cecil County, Md., 80 acres clear, balance in woodland, 3-4 miles from Railroad Station, 12 room, slate roof dwelling, large barn and all other necessary outbuildings. Possession given March 25th, 1909, if desired.

Price Only \$4,000
For further particulars, apply to G. M. EVANS, Elkton, Md.

SPECIAL OFFER!

J. R. SUDLER Undertaker and Embalmer

... MANUFACTURERS OF ... Artistic Memorials in Marble and Granite. We have a large stock on hand in Monuments, Head Stones, Posts, etc., that we are offering at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. The phone or a postal will bring me to your home.

Phone 120 Office and Residence
Smyrna, - Delaware

BURSTAN'S POPULAR CORNER STORE

GREAT REDUCTION In Ladies' Suits

We have a few Ladies' Coat Suits left and these must be sold before the close of the season. Two or three lines and the rest striped; all well made. These suits were \$3.50, but we will close them out at \$2.50. Also a few Princess Dresses in blue and green silk pongee. These dresses were sold at \$5.00; now \$2.50. Some black lawn dresses with white dots. One piece, but has belt. These were \$2.50 but are now \$1.25. Ladies' Skirts also reduced. \$1.25 skirts, \$98. \$98 skirts, \$75. Closing Out Prices in Children's Wash Suits. About two dozen Children's Wash Suits, in different styles and colors, to be closed out. \$.98 and \$1.25 suits, \$75; \$75 suits, \$50. Also reductions in children's white and colored blouses and in linen and cloth knickerbockers.

S. BURSTAN CORNER BROAD AND MAIN STS. MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Let Us Estimate Your Job Printing.

SPECIAL! For Next Week Only!

We Have Just Received The Largest Assortment of WRITING PAPER in Town

These papers usually sell for 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c per box, but for next week only, we are offering them for 25c each.

Smith's Pharmacy West Main Street MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

New Castle County Agricultural Fair!

Gentlemen's Driving Park Wilmington, Del.

Aug. 31 and Sep. 1, 2, 3 1909

Special Premiums in every Department

Premium Seed Firms are offering Special Premiums for produce grown from their seeds.

Premiums in the swine Department more than double those of last year.

Special Exhibit of Sheep, Swine, Grain, Forage, Fruit and Vegetable tables by Delaware College Experiment Station.

Competitive Exhibits in the Children's Department in Penmanship, Drawing and Designing between Public Schools.

Special Exhibits in Cooking and Needlework.

Active Preparations Have Been Made for the Greatest Fair Ever Held in Delaware

It is especially urged that plans be made EARLY for Exhibits. This month is the time to attend to it. DON'T PUT IT OFF.

Requests for Premium Lists, &c., may be made to the office of the Fair Association, No. 1 West Fifth Street, Wilmington, Del.

Preliminary Premium List Ready February 1st

DELAWARE COLLEGE NEWARK, DELAWARE

Entrance examinations, September 14 and 15, 1909. Term begins, Thursday, September 16, 1909. For catalogue and other information, Write to GEO. A. HARTER, President.

FIRE INSURANCE Town Property, Farm Buildings, and Stock TORNADO INSURANCE

Insure now against damage from wind storms. Life and Accident Insurance. GEORGE D. KELLEY, Middletown, Del.

The Middletown Transcript

Mails Close as Follows:
Going North—7:25 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 4:05 p.m., 6:00 p.m., and 9:15 p.m.
Going South—8:00 a.m., 4:10 p.m., and 9 p.m.
For Odessa—7:50 a.m., 8:30 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 4:00 p.m., and 9:15 p.m.
For Warwick, Cecilton and Earlville 8:30 a.m. and 4:45 p.m.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., JULY 24, 1909

Local News

Our next holiday is Labor Day. Give your little chicks a good start by using Chick Food, at
EVANS' EXCHANGE STORE.
Fishing is enjoyed by some of our people, but as to catches, we are too modest to tell.

There was some complaint about the cool weather, and there is just as much fault found with the hot.

After June first, the Library hours will be: Tuesday, 7 to 8:30; Friday, 7 to 8:30 and Saturday 3 to 5 P. M.

High-grade, steam-making, fresh mined Bituminous Coal. Price low as the lowest.
G. E. HUKILL.

Dr. J. C. Sites has removed his dental office to the building recently vacated by the Western Union Telegraph Co., next door to J. L. Shepherd's office.

100,000 Late Cabbage Plants for sale at
SHEPHERD'S.

Are your cattle bothered with flies? If so, try Enreka Fly Killer. Sold by Middletown Farms.

MIDDLETOWN FARMS, INC.
Now is the time to have your teeth attended to. Don't wait for hot weather. Dr. Johnson will give you up-to-date service. Fresh gas daily.

E. H. Beck, Real Estate Broker has sold the farm belonging to Thomas J. Beck near Smyrna, to George B. Hard containing 150 acres for \$5,000.

Uncle Sam's Letter—The following list of letters remain unclaimed in the post office for the week ending July 15th: Mrs. Frances Butler, Miss Eva Cooper.

Rev. W. H. Hutchins will preach in Forest Presbyterian Church to-morrow, both morning and evening. The public is cordially invited to attend both services.

Send your items and personal notices into the paper, that is the way to help make it interesting. Jostign your article, we won't publish it, and then the article will be sure of getting in.

The local colored baseball team met defeat Wednesday on the home grounds, when the Cecilton, Md., team came here and won by the score of 19 to 5. On Thursday the same team was defeated by the score of 12 to 6 by the Elkton team.

Governor Pennewill has authorized the appointment of Frederick Brady of Middletown and Colonel Charles L. Moore of Georgetown, as members of the State School Commission; John K. Chambers of Newark, also was commissioned a justice of the peace and notary public.

We have in STORAGE several hundred tons of HIGH GRADE LEHIGH and BITUMINOUS COAL. You don't have to place your order before-hand as it is ALWAYS IN STOCK. We have just added to our yard a nice lot of SAWED WOOD. Phone 5.
JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

The special excursion trains that will carry our people to Easton Fair August 25th and 26th will arrive at the grounds at 11 o'clock and will not return until 6 o'clock, P. M., giving our people a full half day there. Meals served on the grounds, only 50c each. Nearly \$4000 paid in Race Purse.

The first actual steps toward the cutting of deep waterways across New Jersey and Delaware by the government were taken this week, when the board of engineers, appointed in pursuance of the river and harbor act recently passed, began a preliminary survey of the various routes.

Camden will have a big time this afternoon. Three attractions for the attention of a big crowd have already been planned—Professor Herbert's trained dogs from England, open air concerts by Simpson's State Capital Band, of Dover, and a match game of baseball between Camden and Middletown.

A sneak thief entered the tobacco store of Thomas Johnson Wednesday evening and relieved him of a small purse containing \$5.00. Mr. Johnson kept the purse in a show case, and the thief had evidently noticed him place it there, and had no trouble in locating it, and making a hasty retreat.

On Wednesday evening the following officers of Damon Lodge, No. 12, Knights of Pythias, were installed: C. C. Frederick J. Blum; V. C. Harry H. Hillgard; M. A. T. V. Leonard; M. W. John J. Jolly; Prelate, R. S. Redgrave; Inside Guard, Horace C. Moore; Outside Guard, W. Chas. Jones. Officers of the order from Wilmington were present.

After a drought covering a period of several weeks this vicinity was visited by a gentle rain early Friday morning, and while many of our farmers were wishing for a continuous rain of several hours, the rain of Friday evening will be of great benefit to all growing crops and pasture fields.

Everybody will have an opportunity to attend the Easton Fair this year as the Pennsylvania Railroad will run two special excursion trains to the Fair on Wednesday and Thursday, August 25th and 26th, (see hand bills at your station for time of leaving). This is to be the best fair ever held at Easton. Many fast race horses will be there. Tell all your friends about it and be sure and go.

While en route to Wilmington where they intended witnessing the races Tuesday afternoon, Messrs. J. B. Ford, W. B. Biggs, Oscar G. Goodhand, J. P. Cochran and Corbin Vinyard had an unpleasant experience. They were in Mr. Ford's new automobile and were running along at the rate of 20 miles an hour near the Willow Bridge, just above Armstrong's Corner, when Mr. Ford, who is somewhat of an amateur in managing the machine, lost control of it and it was ditched at the bridge, preferring that to striking the heavy stone abutments. The damage to the machine consisted of smashed lights, broken fender, etc., but the engine was not damaged. Messrs. Cochran, Biggs and Vinyard were slightly injured, while Mr. Ford and Mr. Goodhand escaped without injury. The machine was taken to Wilmington for repairs on Thursday, and Mr. Ford and his companions are congratulating themselves over the fact that they were not seriously injured.

PERSONALITIES.

Mr. A. Fogel is sojourning at Atlantic City.

Miss Laura Connelley is spending some time in Altoona, Pa.

Miss Susie Fraser, of Chestertown, Md., visited Mrs. James Redgrave this week.

Miss Lella Chandler, of Wilmington, is the guest of her cousin, the Misses Gill. Miss Reba Chandler, of Wilmington, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Emerson. Mrs. Lettie Price, of Philadelphia, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wilhelmina Price.

Mrs. Rachel Finn has returned, after an extended visit with relatives in Wilmington.

Mrs. L. G. Sterner, of Camden, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Parker.

Mrs. Daniel Bacon and son Leon, of Wilmington, are spending sometime with relatives here.

Mrs. G. C. Allen and children, of Philadelphia, are spending sometime at the Middletown Hotel.

Mrs. T. S. Fournace and daughter Caroline are spending several days with her brother in Wilmington.

Mrs. Thordyke Roe, of Greenwood, has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Hopkins.

Mrs. Frederick Brady and children and mother, Mrs. M. M. Brady, are spending a month at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Lydia Dalbow, of Bridgeton, N. J., spent several days of this week with Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Croftland.

Mrs. Henry S. Brady and little daughter, of near Mt. Pleasant, are guests of her mother, Mrs. H. V. Parvia.

Capt. W. E. Lee, who has been confined to his bed with typhoid fever for several weeks, is critically ill at this writing.

Mrs. W. Sterling Evans, of Elkton, Md., and Miss Viola Euns, of Philadelphia, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Ford this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Monro and little son Walter, have returned from Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands and other points of interest.

Mr. H. N. Crane, of Sparrow's Point, Md., was the guest of his family at the home of the Misses Gill from Saturday until Tuesday.

Mr. Victor H. Jones, who graduated at Delaware College last month, has been appointed Superintendent of the Light and Water Plant at Newark, and will enter upon his new duties August 1st.

DELAWARE STREAMS

Following is a summary of the report of Engineer Rand with respect to Delaware streams exclusive of the Wilmington harbor: Appoquinimink River—Amount expended to date, \$41,182.65; about three-fifths on the project completed; June 29th, 1908, \$5,000 was allowed and dredging will begin soon. No money was expended profitably during the year. The amount that can be expended profitably during the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1911, is \$13,400.

Murderkill—Expended for maintenance, \$2,941.38; can be profitably expended in the year ending June 30th, 1911, \$21,000.

Mispillion—Expended for maintenance, \$2,941.38; can be profitably expended in the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1911, \$61,325.

St. Jones River—Expended for maintenance, \$2,971.67; can be profitably expended in the year ending June 30th, 1911, \$6,000.

Smyrna River—Expended for maintenance, \$2,209.98; can be profitably expended in the year ending June 30th, 1911, \$7,500.

Broadkill River—Expended for improvement, \$20,405.67; maintenance, \$7,532.67; can be profitably expended in the year ending June 30th, 1911, \$10,000.

WHAT BOYS SHOULD LEARN

According to the idea of many of the rising generation a young man should learn to lie, to cheat, to swear, to drink, to play billiards, to swagger in the streets, to live without work, to ogle every pretty girl he meets, to treat his elders with disrespect, to talk loud in the presence of others, to put on style whatever he can afford it or not, to boast of the feminine conquests he has made, to have every slang term on his tongue and, to gossip with his chums about his lady acquaintances, to attract all the attention to himself that he possibly can, to talk like a loafer and a fool, instead of a quiet, sensible man, to call his father "the old man" and his mother "the old woman," to think ill of every woman he sees, and to speak ill of her every chance he gets, to turn up his nose at those quiet, sober, industrious young men, who do not train in his crowd, to treat his sister without any sort of regard, to treat her like an ill-bred loafer instead of a gentleman.

Here is your picture, fast young man, true to life. Look at it. How do you like it? What have these characteristics made of you? What has the future in store for you? Unless you change your course most radically—Run.

MURDER STORY TOLD

Elmer Johnson and Charles Smith, both colored, of Virginia, have been arrested and are held at Elkton, Md., in connection with the murder of Railroad Officer Harry H. Roon at Perryville. Of the four negroes who were in the gang three declare that Robert Wilson did the shooting, but the latter declares that that Harford Upshur did it. Smith apparently tells a straight story, that he and Johnson wanted to submit when Mr. Roon told them they were under arrest, but that Wilson, who had his revolver under his coat, refused and fired three shots at the officer. Wilson, Upshur, Smith and Johnson are the four who were in the gang that did the shooting. McCormick and Williams, who were first arrested, now seem to be eliminated from the case.

CURRENT PRICES

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. B. FORD.
Wheat—No. 2 \$1.15 Corn—
No. 2 Yellow, shelled 78
Timothy Seed \$2.50 "cob—78
Clover Seed .114 Oats—70
MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY W. T. CONNELLEY.
Eggs, per doz. 20c
Country Butter, per lb. 20c
Creamery Butter, per lb. 35c
Lard, per lb. 12c
Live Chickens, per lb. 12c
Potatoes 40c

ROAD CONTRACTS AWARDED

Levy Court Selected Contractors To Construct Numerous New Highways
Thursday the Levy Court held an adjournment meeting for the purpose of considering the bids received for the construction of roads provided by the highway improvement loan act. The morning session was consumed in discussing the various estimates, and then the court adjourned until 1 o'clock. At the afternoon session the contracts were awarded as follows:

Depot road in Pender hundred, 1.38 miles through the town of Glasgow, limestone road, 12 feet wide, Horigan Contracting Company, \$5,648.86.

Baltimore turnpike, from Cooch's Bridge to White Clay Creek hundred, limestone base and asphalt surface, 12 feet wide, Horigan Contracting Company, \$9,557.38. This is the first road in Delaware to be treated with this surface, for which great results are claimed, and is partly in the nature of an experiment. The road is .94 of a mile in length.

Grobb's Landing Road, .795 of a mile, to be built of local stone, 12 feet wide, to B. F. Wickersham, \$5,781.40.

Rockland road, from Blue Ball to Rockland, 2.23 miles, 10 feet wide, local stone, Nelson-Merfield Company, \$16,580.

Rockland to Adams Cross Roads, and extension of the last mentioned road, 19 feet wide, .834 of a mile, to same contractors, according to arrangement made at the time bids were advertised, \$6,456.70. This arrangement was made with all bidders, at the time advertisement was made, that the person to whom one of these two contracts would be awarded, should have both, because of their being practically the same road.

River, or Hamburg Road, 12 feet wide, 2.866 miles long, limestone, Stewart and Donohue, \$24,462.50.

The contracts for the construction of the St. Anne's Road in Appoquinimink and Blackbird hundreds, and the road in White Clay Creek hundred from Christians way to the Baltimore turnpike, were not awarded. After the other awards were made, the checks which accompanied the unsuccessful bids were ordered returned to the bidders, and the court adjourned until Tuesday next.

WARWICK

Mr. W. J. Leland spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. P. F. Johns is visiting relatives near Galena.

Mrs. Sallie Lynch, of Baltimore, is visiting Mrs. R. M. Day.

Preaching services at the M. P. Church to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. Robert Lipcomb and son Clarence spent Sunday at their home here.

Mr. E. F. Bishop and daughter spent Wednesday with friends near town.

Mrs. T. C. Lynch and daughter, Miss Bertha, are visiting relatives in Wilmington.

Miss Elizabeth Mensch has returned home, after a visit with Mrs. R. B. Merritt, Jr.

Mr. L. B. Manlove and family spent Sunday with Mr. Herbert Conner and family.

Mrs. R. B. Merritt, Jr., and friend visited Mr. Edward Bishop and family on Monday.

Mrs. U. P. Ginn and sons spent several days this week with her mother, Mrs. V. S. Vinyard.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Maloney, of Townsend, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Lattomus on Sunday.

Mrs. Alfred Jackson and daughter, of Wilmington, Del., visited Mrs. R. B. Merritt, Sr., on Tuesday.

Quite a number of young folks from our town spent last Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. King.

CECILTON

Miss Janie Smith is visiting friends in Kent County.

Miss Myra Dawson, of Camden, Del., is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Albert Wilson, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. J. D. Boulden.

Miss Ida Craig, of Penn's Grove, has been visiting Miss Lillie Short.

Quite a number attended the dance at Spe Spring last Friday evening.

Messrs. Dallas Manlove and Harold Padley spent Saturday in Chesapeake City.

Mr. John G. Manlove and wife spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Manlove.

Mrs. Eugene Savin and son, of Townsend, are visiting her father, Mr. J. D. Beltz.

Miss Mary Blackway was the guest of Miss Bertie Knock, near Earlville, last week.

Mrs. Joseph Atwell and son, of near Chestertown, spent last Friday with their parents here.

Mrs. J. C. Manlove spent a few days with Mrs. Wilbur Woolleyhan, near Middletown, this week.

Master Triston Davis, of Cambridge, is spending sometime with his grandparents, Mr. S. P. Hooper and wife.

NEW CHEMIST

Thursday afternoon at a meeting of the trustees of the Delaware College, Professor Charles L. Penny of the State College of Pennsylvania, was elected professor of chemistry to fill the vacancy made by the death of Dr. Theodore R. Wolf a few weeks ago.

Three years ago he resigned the position of professor of agricultural chemistry at the Agricultural Experiment Station at the college and went to the Pennsylvania State College, where he accepted the chair of chemistry of that college. He still holds the position but will now be compelled to resign. By virtue of his position as professor of chemistry at Delaware College he becomes state chemist.

CAMP WATSON OFFERS SATURDAY

This (Saturday) morning, the companies of the Organized Militia of Delaware, will leave their respective armories for Camp Watson, near New Castle, and will continue in camp for one week. During these encampments the soldiers are diligently instructed in field drills, practices, maneuvering and tactics incident to camp life, and these occasions are being recognized as of great importance to our State Militia; consequently each year of encampment is marked with larger attendance from the citizens; Governor's Day being especially noted for its large crowd of spectators.

TOWNSEND

Miss Ruth Richardson has been visiting relatives in Smyrna.

D. Edward Atwell spent Sunday with friends at Sandown, Pa.

Quite a number of our town folk enjoyed the trip to Rehoboth on Thursday.

Miss Margaret Hannam, of Kennet Square, is the guest of Miss Karlene Hart.

Mrs. Samuel Pennington, of Philadelphia, is spending several days with friends here.

Ralph VanDyke and family, of near Odessa, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. Daniel Jones visited his aunt; Mrs. Swain, at Bridgeville, on Saturday and Sunday.

L. L. Maloney and family spent Sunday with John Lattomus and wife at Warwick.

Miss Ray Reynolds, of Wilmington, is spending this week with Miss Laura Heavelow.

Miss Elsie Addehelm and little brother, of Roxborough, Pa., visited Miss Ella Maloney this week.

Samuel Townsend and family, of Philadelphia, were guests of his sister, Mrs. Walter Gill, over Sunday.

Mr. Charles Ernest and wife, of Philadelphia, were over Sunday visitors with George Waite and family.

Mrs. John Townsend, Jr., has returned from Williamsport, Pa., where she has been spending sometime.

Miss Mary Othony, of near Cecilton, and Miss Beattie Deane, of Middletown, are guests of their aunt, Mrs. Albert Lynam.

A party of young folks are sojourning at the "Bungalow" for ten days. They are having quite a fine time from all reports.

Mr. and Mrs. McNulty and niece, Miss McNulty, of Washington, have been the guests of Capt. Wiggin and family during the past week.

Mrs. Lillie Naudain Camp and daughter, of Dry Run, Pa., returned home on Tuesday, after spending several days with Mrs. W. E. Hart.

ODESSA

Miss Emily Webb is spending sometime with her uncle near St. Georges.

Miss Evelyn Miller, of Hatboro, Pa., spent last week with Miss Elizabeth Wood.

Mr. Fred Alfrey, of the Levels, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. H. Kumpel.

Mrs. Harry Ward and sons, Wilbert and Paul, are spending sometime in Chester, Pa.

Mr. Edward Peckard left on Thursday for Philadelphia, where he has accepted a position.

Miss Amelia Muhlberger spent a few days with Miss Mary Bingham, near Middletown.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Massey spent Wednesday and Thursday with relatives in Wilmington.

Mrs. W. Money and daughter, Miss Mary, spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Naylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Keith, of Middletown, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lightcap.

Miss Rebecca Watkins is spending some time at the home of Mrs. Fred Brady, near Middletown.

Mr. and Mrs. I. G. Webb spent Sunday with her brother, Mr. George Ginn and family on the Levels.

Miss Margaret McCoy has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Abram Hayden in Middletown.

Mr. Frank Gremminger has returned home, after spending sometime with his sister in Medford, N. J.

Mrs. Shaw and daughter Ethel, of Wilmington, are spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Massey.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Dulin, of Philadelphia, are spending this week with his father, Mr. Elwood Dulin.

Mrs. Kale Cannon and daughter, Miss Mary, of St. Georges, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Kieckopf.

Mr. T. Courtney Enos and family, of Lewes, are spending this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Enos.

Mrs. Loney Slaycom and son Norman of Cambridge, Md., spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. William McCoy.

Mrs. Oakley Vinyard and daughter, Helen, of New York, are spending this week with her mother, Mrs. Theodore Long.

Miss Georgia Enos, of Wilmington, accompanied by Miss Clara B. Weldon, of Newport, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Enos.

At the recent meeting of the school commissioners the following teachers were elected: Principal, Mr. A. M. Mackey; Intermediate, Miss Ethel Mally; Primary, Miss Marian Mifflin.

ANNOUNCEMENT

As my NEW BAKERY is just completed, I am now ready to supply the public with

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies Daily,

And am confident I can give you satisfaction. Quality and cleanliness will be strictly adhered to. If you have any fault to find, please come to me with them, and I will try to correct them.

You are cordially invited to inspect my Bakery, and your patronage is earnestly solicited.

Special Orders will receive Prompt Attention.

EDMOND BLOME,
North Broad Street,
Middletown, Delaware

The Transcript, \$1.

MESSICK'S!

MEN'S CLOTHING!

AT LESS THAN COST

Sale of Men's fine Clothing made by A. B. Kirschbaum & Co., the largest makers of fine fashionable clothing in the United States. Makers of wool clothing. Not cotton or part cotton clothing is ever made in this factory. An opportunity to buy well-made, reliable, all-wool clothing at great reduction, suits that sell regularly in select clothing stores for \$20.

In this lot we have sizes, 34, 35, 36, 38 and 39. Our regular price has been \$15.00, now all marked \$10.75 to close.

Lot No. 2.
16 suits in this lot. Fine hand-made suits that sell regularly in clothing stores at \$25.00. Our regular price \$18.00 to close this lot. Sizes, 34, 35, 36, 38, 40, 42, \$12.50.

J. B. MESSICK

Cochran Block, Middletown

FISHING TACKLE CROQUET SETS and HAMMOCKS

W. S. LETHERBURY'S

Our Clearance Sale!

IS still on and will continue till the last of this month. Fresh Goods coming in ever day and will be sold at the Clearance Sale price. Mr. Fogel spent part of this week in New York buying goods, and Ladies of Middletown and vicinity will find it to their advantage to visit Fogel's store during this sale.

200 Ladies' Waists, some from our regular stock and others that we have just received. Made of fine Persian lawn and batiste, well made and elaborately trimmed with laces and embroideries. Others tailor made, in the new short and long sleeves, open back and front. Former prices, \$4.95, \$1.50, \$1.98 and \$2.75. Clearance sale price, \$75, \$98 and \$1.98. A few more net and silk waists left in white, cream and black that have all been reduced 1.3 off their former price.

25 Ladies' Coat Suits, made of linene, pure linen and poplin in all leading colors and styles, all tailor made. Former prices, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$8.50. Sale price, \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98.

Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Drawers. 75 pairs made of fine cambric, cut full and well made, with tucked ruffle on the bottom. It would be a big bargain at 25c, for this clearance sale at the low price of 19c a pair.

About 25 Princess Dresses, made of ver fine and high grade lingerie, mostly white, elaborately trimmed with fine German val. and imported embroideries. All sizes in the lot. Former prices, \$5, \$8 and \$10. Clearance sale price, \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98.

Another lot of Children's Muslin Underwear and infants long and short dresses, that space does not allow us to describe, have all been reduced 25 per cent. off the former prices. A great many more articles have been reduced 1.3 to 1.2 of their former prices which you must come and see for yourself, to be convinced.

A. FOGEL
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

1-2 PRICE

for a lot of Men's Suits, sizes 33 to 44 in Regulars, 38 to 44 in Stouts, Single Suits and small lots that were \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$20, now \$5, \$6, \$7 and \$10. All Outing Suits, sizes 33 to 40, with double breasted coats, now \$3 to \$10, were \$6 to \$20. A lot of Single Breasted styles in same sale at \$4 to \$7.50, were \$8 to \$15. Men's Odd Trousers, sizes 31 to 42 waist at \$2.00, \$2.50 to \$4 values. Cluett's Monarch Negligee Shirts, separate and attached cuffs, plain and plaided bosoms at \$1.00, sizes 13 1/2 to 18, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 qualities. Straw Hats at 1/2. Russel and low shoes 1/2 off. We will save you money.

MULLIN'S MEN'S STORE
WILMINGTON

CHIROPODY

MRS. JAMES
Corns, bunions, ingrowing nails or any afflictions of the feet antiseptically and painlessly treated by graduate chiropodist. Also Shampooing, Manicuring and Scalp Treatment.
OLD TRANSCRIPT BUILDING
South Broad St. MIDDLETOWN.

NOTICE—DIVIDEND!
NEW CASTLE COUNTY NATIONAL BANK
OF ODESSA,
July 7th, 1909.
The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF (3 1/2) PER CENT., clear of taxes, payable on and after the 14th inst.
JOSEPH L. GIBSON, Cashier.

NOTICE—DIVIDEND!
THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK
OF MIDDLETOWN,
Middletown, Del., July 6th, 1909.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT., clear of taxes, payable to the Stockholders on and after July 15th, 1909.
JNO. S. CROUCH, Cashier.

NOTICE—DIVIDEND!
THE PEOPLES' NATIONAL BANK,
OF MIDDLETOWN,
Middletown, Del., June 27th, 1909.
The

SOLLY

BY W. R. ROSE

The boy reached up to the cashier's window. He was a short-legged boy with a freckled face and a shock of very black hair. He was older than his stature would indicate, but not as old as his sharp features and his shrewd look seemed to make him.

The cashier was busy. His eyes were on a memorandum slip and his lips were moving.

The boy rustled his paper. The cashier faintly smiled and nodded, but he did not turn away from the slip and its long rows of figures.

Presently he looked up. Hello, he said and reached for the paper.

Say, the boy remarked, you're a wonder, all right. Why didn't you get mad when I made de break an' you countin' dem tallies an' only half way down?

The young man laughed. He was a good-looking young man, tall and well built.

That would be a waste of temper, he said. I can't afford to be wasteful of anything. Here, how much do I owe you?

The youngster knitted his grimy brows and half closed his black eyes.

It's twelve cents, he announced. You don't owe it to me, but to de kid that owns de customers. I'm only takin' his place. He's sick.

The cashier pushed the money across the glass shelf. Sick, eh? And you are keeping the route for him?

Yep. The boy drew the money into his grimy palm. He's gettin' better. I won't be on de job much longer. An' dat suits me, too.

The phone bell rang. The cashier turned away. Goodbye, he called back.

The boy pushed the money into his pocket. Then he turned and went out.

That's a fine guy, he said. The next afternoon he was back again. This time the good-looking cashier was at liberty.

Hello, was his greeting. How's your friend?

He's on de rapid mend, replied the boy. Mebbe he'll be out again in a couple o' weeks. It's something wrong in his insides an' he's at de hospital.

What's your name? he asked. Dey calls me Solly.

Why?

The boy chuckled. I wuz up by one o' dese meetin's fer de kids dat dey has at de gymnasium, an' de feller what run it he got tired o' me askin' questions an' pretty soon he hands it out to me like dis, An' what has our wise little Solomon to say to this?

The cashier laughed. The boy's imitation of the sacastic drawl was inimitable.

I understand, the young man said. The boys caught on to the name Solomon, and then cut it down to Solly.

Dat's it, chuckled the boy. An' I ain't makin' any howl about it. Dey tell me he was de wise old guy, all right.

The young man laughed. That's the reputation he bore, he said. See here, don't I owe you something more?

Solly shot a glance at him. You paid me las' night, didn't you?

I paid you something. But there's that sick boy, you know. The freckled face flushed.

De sick boy's all right. He ain't needin' nuthin'. When you owe me you pay me, an' not afore. See?

The cashier laughed at the boy's vehemence. All right, he said. That's a fair understanding. It's a pity that all commercial transactions can't be conducted on the same honorable basis.

The boy frowned. Get it out o' your system, he advised. It ain't good stuff to carry round.

He grinned broadly as he passed out.

Two days later the cashier called to the boy as he was about to leave.

Solly. The boy turned quickly. Wot is it? he asked. Come here.

The cashier leaned forward. What's all this in the morning paper about a newsboy called Solly who pulled a girl out of the river at the foot of E. Fourth street?

The boy's sharp face flushed and frowned.

Gee, dey put everything in de paper, he growled. That was fine, said the cashier softly.

fish. The cashier stretched his hand across the glass shelf. Wot's dat fer? the boy demanded.

The cashier laughed gently. I'm a swimmer, myself, he said.

Then the grimy paw was gripped fast in the big white one. Say come down some night an' go in wid de gang, will you? stammered the boy. He was a little overcome by this testimonial of appreciation.

Sure, replied the cashier. You tell me when.

But the next afternoon the face of the boy wore a troubled look. He lingered at the window.

Dat kid I'm workin' fer ain't no better, he said. Dere's some- fin' day don't understand about de case, an' de nurse she shook her head when I says, Wot's de chances?

I'm sorry to hear this, said the cashier. What's your friend's name?

Jimmie Bryan. You know him. De thin kid wid de red hair.

And at what hospital is he? He's at St. John's—in de big ward.

The cashier nodded. Is there anything I can do? he began.

No, dere ain't nuthin', the boy interrupted. Dey're doin' the best dey can fer him.

Let me know about him to-morrow, said the cashier.

Yes, ruttered the lad. He choked up a little. He's a straight kid, Jimmie is, he said, an' he's got a mother dat needs him.

And the cashier, looking after the unkempt lad, smiled queerly.

The next afternoon the boy lingered at the window. The cashier was busy, but he looked up and nodded.

The keen eyes regarded him sharply.

Didn't you say youse wanted to hear how de kid was? he demanded.

The cashier came to the window. Why, yes; how is he?

He's goin' to get well, the boy replied.

The keen glance did not waver. I am glad to hear the good news, said the cashier.

Say, it was you dat sent de big doctor to see him, exclaimed the boy. His tone was almost threatening.

A big doctor, repeated the cashier. Tell me about it.

The boy shook his head in a menacing manner.

I goes up to de hospital dis mornin', he said, an' I sits in de big room where de visitors waits. I know dat de nurse will come in pretty soon an' tell me how Jimmie is—'cause she knows I'll be dere waitin'. An' while I'm sittin' over in de corner in comes a thin guy wid a little stoop in his shoulders, an' he's kind o' pale aroun' de face, an' his eyes is deep. An' dere are three of dem yowrg doctors an' de head nurse crowdin' round him while he's pullin' on his gloves, an' I says to meself, who is dis? An' den de head nurse she looks aroun' an' sees me, an' she says dere's de boy. An' de feller wide de deep set eyes comes across an' sticks out his hand. Glad to meet you, Solly, he says. I want to tell you that we have found out what's the matter with your friend, Jimmie—an' he's goin' to get well. An' he smiles at me wid his deep eyes an' goes out. An' I says to de head nurse. Who is it? An' she says, Dat's Dr. Richard Gordon, an' he's de best in de bis. He's de doctor your friend sent here. Dat's wot de head nurse says.

Fine, said the smiling cashier. Again the boy's tone grew threatening.

Who's goin' to pay him? he demanded.

The cashier laughed softly. Don't let that worry you, he said. The doctor is an old schoolmate of mine, and one of my closest friends. He knows all about you and Jimmie. He's glad to take Jimmie's case. He told me so when he called me up this morning. It's all right, Solly. There'll be nothin' to pay.

The boy hesitated.

Then he slowly put out his hand.

It's my shake dis time, he said. The cashier laughed at this.

That's all right, Solly, he cried. I'll get even wid you some time fer dis, said the boy, and his tone was again threatening.

Oh, let's call it quits, laughed the cashier as he turned back to his long rows of figures.

But the boy frowned and shook his uncombed head.

A week later the boy caught the cashier's eye. The cashier had been busy, too busy to be interrupted. There were strange men in the office looking at the books. There was much adding of figures and rustling of papers.

But the boy caught the cashier's eye and nodded to him and the cashier came to the window.

How's Jimmie?

Sittin' up. What do you think? Doc's goin' to send him out in the country—to a place he knows—for a week or two. I wuz out ridin' wid Doc dis mornin' in his runabout. It's a hamper. Me an' Doc is gettin' pretty thick. He looked around the office. Then he leaned a little forward. Everythin' all right? he whispered.

Yes, the young man answered. Everything's fine.

The next morning Solly met the doctor at the hospital and they brought Jimmie down and put him in the runabout and took him to the railway station—with Solly perched behind in the rumble seat.

I'll keep on takin' care of you papers, Jimmie, cried Solly as the train pulled out. Don't you worry about it.

And the pale face at the car window smiled understandingly. The doctor looked at his watch.

I'm due at my office in fifteen minutes, he said. I'll take you that far.

When the runabout was on its way the boy looked up at his companion.

Gee, but you're a good fellow, Doc, he said. Mebbe you don't need it, but Jimmie's old mother prays for you every night.

The doctor nodded. I need it, Solly, he gravely said, and I thank you for telling me.

There was a little silence. De cashier is a good fellow, too, said Solly.

George is a fine fellow, replied the doctor quietly. No doubt you'll be glad to hear that he is bettering his position. The man at the head of the business is going West to stay and George has a chance to buy an interest. It's a good chance for your friend, and he has finally raised the necessary money, although it has been a hard pull for him.

I see dat he was lookin' poorly, said Solly. W'en is de big stunt pulled off?

To-morrow morning. The boy laughed.

Guess I'll drop around an offer him my congratulations.

The doctor smiled. A good idea, he said. I know he's going to offer you a job. I ain't sure dat I want a job, said Solly. But I'll be dere just de same.

Perhaps he had a premonition that he would be wanted; perhaps it was natural tenacity that prompted him to cling to the idea. Anyway, he was in the office the next morning.

Solly sat on the settee and looked about him.

He was sitting there when the door opened and the cashier came in. He was carrying a canvas bag.

Why, hello, Solly, he said. Hello.

The cashier passed. Anything wrong?

No, replied Solly. Everythin's all right.

Want to see me?

It ain't nothin' special. I'm busy this morning, said the cashier. Come in a little later.

Sure, said Solly. Come in this afternoon. I want to see you.

The cashier hurried though the door in the partition and Solly arose and glanced through the window.

There were two men with the cashier. One was a thin man with gray hair who had a thick cane leaning against his chair. This must be the man who is selling out and going West.

The other man was short and stout and quick in his actions, and from the keen way in which he looked at some papers which the gray-haired man handed him, Solly set him down as a lawyer.

The cashier was bending over the papers, too. He placed the canvas bag on the table.

Solly was quite sure he knew what was in that canvas bag. It was money. He had been about banks and in broker's offices long enough to recognize the receptacle.

This must be the money that had cost the cashier so much anxiety.

Solly turned back to the settee. Then the outer door opened and a man came in. He was a tall man, decently dressed, and of unobtrusive appearance. Yet

at sight of him Solly gave a little start.

The boy had a wonderful memory for faces. He remembered that more than a year back he had heard the depot detective call this man Lanky Luke, and he had found out that Lanky Luke was one of the cleverest of sneak thieves.

What was Lanky Luke doing in the cashier's office?

The boy had the cunning of a fox. He closed his eyes and let his head sway forward a little. To all appearances he was a street waif who had drifted into the office and fallen asleep.

The newcomer stared at the boy and frowned. Then he approached the window.

As he did so the door again opened and a slender young fellow entered very quickly. He paused by the closed door and looked at the first man.

The first man slightly nodded and turned his face toward the sleeping boy.

The second man came forward softly and stooping so that he was hidden from observation as he passed the window, moved up to the door in the partition.

The first man, with another quick look at the boy, stepped to the window.

Excuse me, gentlemen, he said, but I want a word with Mr. Marvin there.

The boy opened his eyes. He saw the cashier come forward, he saw the gray-haired man with the cane look up, he saw the other man, the one he called the lawyer, turn from the high desk.

And he saw these second stranger fumbling with the lock of the partition door.

What is it you want? the cashier asked.

The man at the window raised his voice. He pointed at the stout man.

It's Mr. Marvin, there he said. It's a matter of importance. They told me at his office I'd find him here. Let me have a word with you, Mr. Marvin.

The stout man came closer. The boy saw the man at the partition door push it open and disappear inside.

But my name isn't Marvin, said the stout man.

It isn't? cried the stranger. That's very strange. That's very strange. They described you to me. It's J. H. Marvin I want.

The boy saw the little man reappear through the partition doorway and softly closed the door behind him. There was something bulging under his coat.

That isn't my name, said the stout man.

Stooping low the little man was on his way to the outer door.

Sorry to bother you, said the man at the window. Good day.

There was a sudden crash and a wild shriek.

The boy had risen and flung himself at the legs of the smaller man.

Robbers! he screamed. Help, help!

The little man, surprised by the sudden shock and hobbled by those wiry arms, had fallen heavily. The canvas bag slipped from his grasp and slid ahead of the fallen man. The boy sprang up and flung himself on the treasure.

Quick, Bob! gasped the man at the outer door.

The little man sprang at the boy fiercely and drew him up and tried to wrest the bag from him. But the grimy hand held fast to it. The eel like body twisted and squirmed, the sturdy legs kicked savagely.

With a wild oath the little man flung the boy against the partition and ran after his waiting confederate.

When Solly opened his eyes he was lying on the lounge in the inner office. The cashier was kneeling beside him holding a wet towel to his swelling head. The gray-haired man was there, and the stout man and at the door stood a police officer.

And they were all looking at him.

Then he saw the canvas bag on the floor beside him—he had just drawn it from his firm grasp—and a feeble smile played among the freckles.

His gaze met the cashier's and he tried to nod, and the effort made him gasp. But he reached out a grimy hand, a bruised and bleeding hand.

Guess it's time to shake again, ain't it, George? he faintly asked.

Cures Blood, Skin Diseases, Cancer, Gravel, Blood Purifier, Free. If your blood is impure, thin, diseased, hot or full of humor, if you have blood poison, cancer, carbuncles, eating sores, acrofolia, eczema, itching, rashes and bumps, scabby, pimply skin, bone pains, catarrh, rheumatism or any blood or skin disease, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.). Soon all sores heal, aches and pains stop and the blood is made pure and rich. Druggists or by express \$1 per large bottle. Sample free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. B. B. B. is especially advised for chronic, deep-seated, cases, as it cures after all else fails.

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The Sun is published on Sunday as well as every other day of the week. By Mail the Daily Sun, \$3 a year, including the Sunday Sun, \$4.50. The Sunday Sun alone, \$1.50 a year.

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Also farm of 150 acre on State Road with good buildings for \$6,000. Nice home, good location and this farm has been one of the best paying farms in the County. Remember the price, \$6,000, and terms to suit the buyer. Further particulars furnished by

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We are now making and serving to our customers Graham Wheat Bread.

Having now completed our first year in the baking business, we feel that we are in a position to give our patrons better service in the future than in the past. Thanking you for past favors and soliciting your future patronage, we remain

Very truly,

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Middletown, Del.

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We have the largest and most complete line of Carriages in the State, both high and medium grade. We are buying in car lots and are in a position to make rock bottom prices. Don't overlook the fact that we are the agents for the Deering Binders and Mowers, also the "Clover Lea" Manure Spreader, the Spreader that is in a class by itself, better and much more durable than any spreader on the market, and one look will convince you. There are other spreaders sold to some extent but they are all sold to people that do not know the good points of the "Clover Leaf."

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CO start things "rolling" we place on sale four great lots of fine new fashionable suits at radical price reductions. Those who are familiar with our policy know that when we "cry sale" there is a real substantial saving for our patrons. Our suits in these four lots would cost you much more elsewhere than our original prices, because every garment is guaranteed. But now we are cutting deeply into our own low prices, which results in a saving to you of at least 50 per cent. Come in and let the clothes prove these facts.

\$11.50 and \$13.50 Men's Suits,

Every garment guaranteed to be worth a third more than the original selling price. All new styles—smart fabrics and beautifully tailored.

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Just remember that about 200 of these suits are from our famous \$15 line that represents \$25 values. It would cost you considerable more to equal the \$17.50 suits in this lot. Every suit is made of guaranteed all wool fabrics. Beautifully tailored.

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